

SENATE. SATURDAY MORNING, Dec. 26, 1846. The Senate met. Petitions Presented.

judiciary, without reading. By Mr. Milligan, referred to the committee on roads, without reading.

purpose of schooling Germans in their original tongue.

Joint Resolution Introduced. sippi and Ohio rivers.

Bills Introduced. auditor of Warrick county; passed. Leave was granted to Mr. Ellis, to make a report from early day, to our national representatives. the judiciary committee, asking to be discharged from the further consideration of the petition on the subject of the constitutionality of forming Ohio county; concurred in. Leave was granted to Mr. Clements to make a report from the same committee, relative to testimony in certain cases, recommending the passage of a bill relating to the passed

Mr. Green moved to amend the bill so far as it relates to retrospective action.

Mr. Milliken objected; if senators were opposed to of Dearborn into two, was opposed by two thirds of the nor's communication ordered to be printed. people. The whole difficulty was brought about by the | The debate upon the recommitment of the vote upon cople of Rising Sun. There had been always a diffi- Mr. Osborn's resolution was then continued by Dearborn county would never be satisfied until the whole matter was settled.

Mr. Green thought it unnecessary to legislate upon the subject; the Supreme Court, he believed, were about to decide upon the question. Mr. Orth stated, that the bill merely authorized the in-

troduction of testimony relative to the boundaries of counties. He believed the present law gave the power to cluded several, as matters for the consideration of Concourts to receive such testimony, but the circuit court of gress. Did not this show an inconsistency! Dearborn county had decided they had no right to receive such testimony. This bill gave that power. The amendment was adopted

to incorporate the Michigan road. Leave was granted Mr. Milligan to make a report from

By Mr. Coffin, of a bill for the relief of Lucius H.

By Mr. Coates, of a bill authorizing the Superintendent of the Wabash and Erie canal to pay certain surveys. relative to the reduction of fees of clerks, &c. Orders of the Day-Bills Passed.

the subject of mechanics' liens.

A bill providing for the punishment of seduction. A bill to amend sec. 128, chap. 35, of R. S. of 1843.

for lands sold by the State.

A bill preventing county officers from purchasing certain real estate. A bill to reduce the price of the Revised Stautes of

A bill to relieve Elizabeth Lister of a husband A bill for the relief of W. D. Kelso. A bill amendatory of an act for the incorporation of the town of Jeffersonville.

A bill for the relief of Celia Cloud. A bill for the relief of John F. Gardner.

that of James Morris Vester. A bill to change the names of certain persons therein named.

A bill to relieve Martha Warren. A bill to amend an act prescribing the mode of select-

ing petit jurors in Sullivan county. A bill authorizing certain persons, in Grant county, to ment of this question would not be reconsidered. A bill for the relief of Madison Lamb keep up a mill dam across the Mississinewa river.

city. The following is the joint resolution : Indiana, That in the opinion of this General Assembly, adoption of this resolution. He was not accustomed to resignation of J. P. Drake; adopted. Congress possesses the power, under the constitution of public speaking, and could not hope to contend success. Mr. Wilson, from a select committee, reported a bill to Mr Edmonston moved to refer it to the committee on fed-

tion of the harbor at Michigan city, in this State. spectfully requested to make an early and liberal appropriation for that purpose, during its present session.

of our Senators and Representatives in Congress. a joint resolution in relation to the Michigan city harbor question was not whether it was right to make appropriato a third reading, on yesterday, for the purpose of permitting Mr. Day to offer the following amendment, viz: to strike out all after the word "Indiana," in the second determine what were constitutional appropriations, and line, and substitute—"That our Senators in Congress be what were not. The gentleman from Laporte had vowed into the expediency of authorizing petitioners to divide a instructed, and our Representatives requested, to use their in the most solemn and serious manner when he introinfluence to obtain appropriations, to be economically expended, upon the improvements of the harbors of Mich- influenced by party motives; that he was opposed to the House of the number of votes cast in each county in igan city, St. Joseph's, and other harbors of Lake Michi- introduction of party questions into the Senate, and hoped this State at the late election; the number of votes cast gan : for the completion of the Cumberland road, and for that the Senate would vote for his resolution as an in favor of a convention and the number against one.

and Mississippi rivers." Senate, but he would state his opinion on the subject under discussion. Subjects of general importance to the State have always passed this chamber unanimously heretofore; but a new light has been thrown upon the subject. We are told not to run athwart the expressed opinion of the Executive of the Union! Is this right? The spirit, and his solemn protestations of pure motives, in action of certain senators this winter, is different from offering the resolution, was to get through the Senate a that of last. Is it more constitutional to improve certain resolution which would either cast an imputation of blame portions of the State than others? The constitution was upon the President for his veto message of August last, or adopted for the common good of all. This was never place democratic candidates next summer in a false posidoubted, until the elevation to the high and responsible tion on questions of appropriations by the general governstation of the Presidency, of a man who says it is not constitutional to take means for the promotion of the welfare of the people of this Union. Such was the course attempted to be forced upon this Senate by certain next election. He might rest assured, however, that the senators; this course would not be endorsed by the people. If men think it unconstitutional to improve the harbor at Michigan city, why do they not say it? He denied that Jackson or any other President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors. The President ever said it was unconstitutional to improve our harbors at a satured, however, that the federal relations.

By Mr. Edwards, to repeal the section of R. S. of 1843 federal relations.

Mr Osborn then moved certain instructions; laid on the township to collect taxes.

By Mr. Green, to attend one day in each the committee on the committee of the educations.

Mr Osborn then moved further instructions, that the harbors are deferred to the committee of the education of R. S. of 1843 federal relations.

Mr Osborn then moved further instructions, that the harbor at the committee of the education of R. S. of 1843 federal relations.

Mr Osborn then moved further instructions, that the federal ident did veto the harbor bill on the ground that it was ral government. Our province was with the affairs of this taxable property. unconstitutional to improve our harbors. If he did not, State, and while democratic Senators would readily and why did gentlemen desire the joint resolution to be so cheerfully go with the Senator from Laporte, now and at vised Statutes. ital out of this matter? The present representative in the harbor at Mi higan City, and also for the Cumberland to hold an adjourned term. sustain Polk—that the Senate would be placed in a "ridiculous attitude." Well, he was willing to place himself in that attitude. He was willing to lose the favor of the dispensing power of patronage. It would be only posing the preamble to this resolution. It had never been tington county; to reduce the expenses in Floyd county; two years, he would assure gentlemen in the opposition, customary, as the records of the Senate for years past to fix the time for the report of the trustees of the Indithat it would be lost. Another influence would be there; would abundantly show, to preface a resolution of this ana asylum for the deaf and dumb; to define the width

being detained by the committee, for it shall be back b-a local, not confined to our State, but connected the vast fore the Senate within twenty-four hours. The senators country of the Lakes with the wide and broad and popu-

found respect, of the good and great, in all time to come. agree. from St. Joseph, and do not view it as our province to question was, to request an appropriation for Michigan declare to the President, nor any other functionary, what City Harbor, is the proper meaning of the constitution of the United Mr. Osborn said, it seemed by the course of the debate our next. States. It is not true that, as the senator from Tippeca- to be settled down to a mere question of etiquette of legis-

The democrats not unfrequently take men from what should be very careful of hurting the dignity of Congress, some inconsiderable minds term obscure places and con- or of hurting the feelings of Po k. He had no objection By Mr. Holloway, referred to a select committee, with- ditions; for they don't ask how they stand at the gaming to have it inserted in the resolution, "that it was not intable, or other notorious places, but have they the talents, tended to hurt Mr. Polk's feelings." He did not intro-A report was made from the committee on education, honesty and fitness for the station which they desire to fill? duce the resolution into the Senate to arouse party feeling, by Mr. Marsh, on leave granted, that it was inexpedient These satisfactory, and we put him upon the platform of but because he was so instructed by the voice of his conto set apart a portion of the common school fund for the office, and support him when right, and condemn him stituents. He expected to find every democratic Senator when wrong, without either fear or selfishness. To these in its favor. It had been said that a proposition to improve the Advocate by the State, it would be giving a character traits in our party, are we indebted to the honorable posi- Michigan City Harbor, would be supported. So far from to those books. He did not wish to use an influence By Mr. Davis, on the subject of improving the Missis- tion we occupy in the history of nations, and to the hope hurting Mr. Catheart, it would help him; for he believe if of a lasting government, not only good, but the best ever he could succeed in getting an appropriation for the harbor known. Mr. R. said, he would say in conclusion that he By Mr. Howell, amendatory of an act relative to the hoped the resolution would be amended, and let our opinions in favor of it, when amended, be transmitted at an

> AFTERNOON SESSION. On motion of Mr. Winchell, an act for the relief of certain persons therein named, was taken from the table;

On motion of Mr. Davis, the Senate adjourned.

The President laid before the Senate, a communication from the Governor, enclosing a communication from Mr.

On motion of Mr. Stockwell, the same were laid upon that portion, let the bill be voted down. But that was the table, and 500 copies of Mr. Butler's communication the main object of the bill. The division of the county | were ordered to be printed, and 200 copies of the Gover-

culty about the county seat. It was supposed by the ma- Mr. Davis, who said that he would take up but little jority of the people of his county that it being clearly un-constitutional, no division of the county would be made. their position, because the resolution was general in its terms. To obviate this objection, the resolution upon the Michigan City Harbor was introduced. So if the democrats were in opposition in good faith, they could meet on common ground. But in this he was mistaken. A few

days ago they were in favor of this one measure; now, by this proposed recommitment with instructions, they in-He did suppose no democrat would have the hardihood to refer to the action of democrats on the Senatorial questien, last winter. If there was any glory to be reaped Mr. Bowers moved to lay the bill on the table; car- from that act, they were welcome to it. But the action of this Senate upon the re-payment of the fine upon Gen. By Mr. Taber, a bill amending an act entitled "An act Jackson, by Judge Hall, was referred to also. He was here at that time, and he voted against refunding the fine By Mr. Davis, a bill amending an act entitled "An act in the form of the proposition as offered, and he would do for the punishment of crimes;" referred to the judiciary so again. With regard to the grant of lands for the construction of the Wabash and Erie canal, that grant was constitutional; but has not Congress the same power to a select committee, of a bill relative to the election of a vote money to improve our harbors and rivers, that they

have to grant lande? The position of the opposition is this: that Congress has no right to make canals connecting States, but a right to give lands for its construction. Another objection to the resolution is, that we affirm Con-Leave was granted Mr. Ellis to introduce a resolution gress has certain rights, and that we thus render ourselves ridiculous. One of the gentlemen stated last winter, that the Wahash river was of national importance. But when A bill fixing the time of holding courts in the 8th judi- we affirm certain things similar in their object, we are rediculous. The republican party, in 1798, to which Mr. A bill to amend chap. 42, sec. 1, of R. S. of 1843, on Madison belonged, resolved that Congress had this power, Were they ridiculous? was Mr. Madison ridiculous? If so, we are ridiculous. We find that at that early day, Hull and Deam, and referred without reading. Legislatures affirmed the existence of certain powers in A bill repealing a certain act relative to the county of Congress. But we are to be rendered ridiculous by the By Mr Ellis, upon the subject of improving the Wabash Statutes; passed to a second reading. same course! A few days ugo the gentleman from township where said debts may be contracted.

some " Pogue's Run" would be included; but he could a select committee. not have that objection to this resolution. Mr. Read said he would vote for the improvement of

Michigan City Harbot. Congress has power to do certain acts; and yet gentlemen that 200 copies be printed for the use of the House; agreed Leave are found still evading the question. He was anxious to to. see the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, and the National road and the Michigan City Harbor, improved. But he would A bill to change the name of James Morris Smith to never vote for an unconstitutional measure. This was

certainly constitutional. James K. Polk came into power, not on the resolution of '98, but on the Baltimore resolutions. On this resolu- a bill to exempt colleges and universities from taxation; be completed; adopted. tion, which says Congress has certain rights, we find men read the first time. A bill for the relief of Wm. Rodebaw of Whitley squirming and turning every way to avoid the question. Mr. Ferguson, from the committee on the State prison, Gentlemen had referred to the veto of the Maysville road, reported a new bill for the erection and completion of the Now do gentlemen believe that that veto plunged this State prison.

Mr. Stockwell remarked that he felt called upon to ex-A bill legalizing the election of trustees of the corpo- press his views upon this question, because various Senaration of the town of Greensborough, in Decatur county. tors of the opposite party had charged it upon the Demo-A bill relative to the retailing of intoxicating liquors in cratic Sanators, that they were unwilling to meet this question, and also because the honorable Senator from A joint resolution relative to the harbor at Michigan Laporte had charged him with inconsistency, in being in favor of a grant of lands for the continuation of the Wa-Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of bash and Erie canal to Evansville, and yet opposed to the State Bank Director to fill the vacancy occasioned by the lution relative to the harbor at Michigan city, was the first the United States, to make appropriations for the comple- fully with the practiced and ready debaters who had spoken authorize J. W. Elliott to use certain water power in No- eral relations-ayes 25, mays 22. in favor of the resolution, but he knew what was due to ble county; read the first time. And be it further resolved, That Congress is hereby re- his constituents, and to his position as a democratic Senator on this floor, and would not hesitate to declare his Mr. Carr of L., called up his resolution in relation to sentiments in the best way he could. A great deal had taking up the orders of the day at 2 o'clock, &c.; adopted. quested to forward a copy of the above resolution to each been said about responsibility. He was willing to vote on By Mr. Holland, that the committee on education inthis question and assume all the responsibility of that vote quire into the expediency of appointing a superintendent Mr. Berry of F., moved to reconsider the vote passing without fear of giving offence to his constituents. The for common schools, &c.; adopted. the removal of obstructions to the navigation of the Ohio act of justice to his constituents, and as an act of Mr. Decker moved to amend by inserting also the num-Mr. Orth did not wish to throw firebrands into the courtesy to himself; and yet when it was proposed ber of counties that did not vote at all on the subject of a division. to amend the resolution so as to meet the views of convention; accepted; resolution then adopted

amended? Why should we desire to make political cap- all future times, in asking of Congress an appropriation for Congress from his district favored such doctrines as are road, and for the imprevement of the Ohio and Mississippi issue before the sovereign people, whether it was consti- as the honorable Senator might desire it; they never tutional or not, to improve our harbors. With him prin-ciple was principle, and he would rather be immolated stitutional expositions of the powers of the general govthan sacrifice principle. He wished, then, senators to vote directly upon the resolution, whether it was right to vote directly upon the resolution, whether it was right to improve our harbors and rivers. No other reason has them into any such absurdity. It had been said on this been given against this resolution than this, that we must floor that democratic Senators were afraid to vote on this To incorporate the town of Mr. Vernon; to authorize

light from that of those gentlemen. He wanted the peo- ral government; and in the resolution made by the Sena- relief of purchasers of canal lands in Clinton and Carroll ple of the north, and of the State, to know how senators tor from Tippecanoe, not a line-not a word, is said on counties; for the relief of S. P. Morgan; to incorporate Mr. Read said, that it appeared to him, that if a stranger were to step into the lobby and listen to the remarks of the senators from Laporte and Tippecanoe, he would infer that every democratic senator was opposed to a papropriation to improve Michigan a vote in favor of an appropriation to improve Michigan harbor; this is quite unirue. He said, that every democratic senator was not only in favor of the whash and Eric canal to Evansville, for St. Joseph's, and other Lake harbors, and the Camber-tal was not only in favor of Michigan] city harbor, the for St. Joseph's, and other Lake harbors, and the Camber-tal was not only in favor of Michigan] city harbor, the for St. Joseph's, and other Lake harbors, and the Camber-tal was not only in favor of Michigan] city harbor, the form Laporte had ever made the memorial land road, and the Mississippi and Ohio rivers. But we think that all should go up in one resolution, as it will this head. It speaks of the Wabash as a stream of na- the Delphi manufacturing company; making an approland road, and the Mississippi and Ohio rivers. But we think that all should go up in one resolution, as it will save time and expense, and there need be no fears of its and expense, and there need be no fears of its and expense, and there need be no fears of its and expense. The Secretary of the Mississippi and Ohio rivers. But was opposed to all kinds of special regislation, particularly one scythe and cradle, a quantity of authorize the State but connected the was a local matter.

Was opposed to all kinds of special regislation, particularly one scythe and cradle, a quantity of authorize the state of a certain school section; to authorize the State but connected the was a local matter.

Mr. Rockhill said, it was a local matter in an authorize the Scoretary of But he asked the gentleman if it was a local matter in an authorize the Scoretary of But he asked the gentleman if it was a local matter in an authorize the Scoretary of But he asked the gentleman if it was a local matter in an authorize the Scoretary of But he asked the gentleman if it was a local matter in an authorize the Scoretary of But he asked the gentleman if it was a local matter.

need not trouble themselves by placing up scarecrows, by lous vallies of the Ohio and Mississippi. That it was to acts of the probate judge of Lagrange county, amended had no doubt the law confining voters to their township was denouncing us or our party, and reading our condemna- be a natural thoroughfare on which the " troops and mu- so as to read 'An act to authorize probate judges to take tion in advance. This is an old game, which was tamil- nitions of the general government were to be transported acknowledgments of deeds, &c.; the joint resolution in iar to me, thirty years ago. Then, as now, our President free of toll." He will find moreover, that the very same relation to pre-emptors in Indiana; to authorize the colwas denounced as a tyrant, and his friends as slaves. But ground was taken in this Senate, when by joint resolutions lectors of Richardville to collect certain taxes; to exthen we escaped the awful sentence of annihilation prom- Congress was petitioned to make the grant. There was ised, and that is a promise much older than that of "two no inconsistency in the matter at all; it was in perfect dollars a day and roast beef," and like the latter is to be accordance with the course taken by the democratic Senadenounced for exercising his trusts as delegated by the U. S. bank bills, yet these acts are now most cor- works that were "clearly of a national character," and tholomew county; to provide for the re-appraisement of dially approved of, and will ever command the most pro-

The veto of President Polk has nothing to do with our Mr. Rockbill would revert to one thing; it was not adtemplated in the amendment proposed by the Senator was unconstitutional to improve harbors, &c. The simple being read the second time,

noe has said, the President has been elevated from a very lative taste. Precedents were to be found in the action of obscure condition; he was found in the highest place State Legislatures, as proposed for the action of this By Mr. Davis; referred without reading to the comknown in the history of the day—an American freeman.
Legislature. We are getting wise, not only as constitunittee on claims.

But if he means that he was not familiar at the broker's By Mr. Holloway, referred to the committee on the table, the billiard room, or huzzaing at the horse race, he tional expounders, but as regards courtesy. We should be courteous, not only to Congress, but to Polk also! We at Michigan City, it would re-elect him.

> Mr. Read would inquire if the gentleman had heard it said that Democrats would vote for a Preamble, if they had said they would vote for the Harbor at Michigan city. Mr. Osborn replied he did not say that Democratic Senators distinctly said they would vote for a preamble, but mpliedly, they did say they would, and so would a jury of the country say so. He was sorry to say he saw a disposi-

ion to evade the question. Mr. Edmonston would state the grounds upon which he stood. It was one ground of the opposition that the Preamble was too general; and it was another ground of objection that he thought it inexpedient to express an opinion upon tha constitutionality of the powers of Congress. Strike out all relating to the expression of an opinion, and he tute of Fort Wayne, with certain amendments. would vote for it. His people would sustain him.

The question then recurring upon the reconsideration of the vote on the recommitting of the resolution, and the her report of a bill for the incorporation of the Upper ayes and noes being called, those voting in the affirmative Wabash Canal Company, with an amendment, inserting

Messrs. Berry of Franklin, Berry of Monroe, Coats, Cuppy, Day, Edmonston, English, Green, Henry, Howell, ual liability of the directors. Logan, Marsh, Miller, Milligan, Milliken, Read, Rockhill, Stewart, Stockwell, Teber and Waters-21. Those voting in the negative were

Messrs. Allison, Beard, Bowers, Bradbury, Chenowith, Clements, Coffin, Davis, Ellis, Goodenow, Hamer, Holloway, Morgan, Montgomery; Murphy, Orth, Osborn, Simpson, Winchell and Zenor-20, Mr. Osborn then moved to instruct the committee as That this General Assembly protests against the doctrine

which allows to Congress the power of making appropriations only for the improvement of ports at which foreign importations arrive in bulk, paying the duties charged by law, and from which exports are made to foreign countries. And on motion of Mr. Berry of F., was laid on the table. Mr. Osborn then moved to instruct the committee as Keslin.

That this General Assembly protests against the doctrine | linquent lists; passed. that forbids to Congress the power to make appropriations for the improvement of harbors, which have not been declared ports of entry by Congress. Before the vote was taken, Mr. Berry of F. then moved surer; not adopted. the Senate adjourn, and the Senate adjourned until Mon-

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. SATURDAY, December 26, 1846.

The House met. Petitions presented. Petitions were presented by Messrs. Hanna, Lewis, By Mr. Tait, from citizens in Switzerland county, on

A bill providing for the correction of errors in patents Clark said he would go for a separate measure, but that he By Mr. Hendricks, from citizens of Vernon, to legalwas not in favor of a general expression-he was afraid ize the election of town trustees of Vernon; referred to and rivers. By Mr. Miller, on the subject of the boundary between Cumberland road.

Warrick and Gibson countres.

Mr. Colms moved to take from the table the bill for the Mr. Davis. Well, in this resolution it is affirmed that regulation of the publication of the delinquent list, and The Speaker laid before the House a communication dam on Eel river. from the Governor, enclosing a proposition from Charles On motion, the message of the House was taken from the divorce bills, which were promitly rejected.

the State debt bill; ordered that 500 copies of the bill be Prison.

State into debt ! He hoped that the vote on the engross- Mr. Dunham moved to refer the bill to the committee

on the judiciary; negatived. Mr. Miller moved a suspension of the rules, and that the bill be read the third time now; agreed to. The bill then passed.

Mr. Meredith, from the committee on roads, reported a bill to locate a State road in Randolph and Wayne coun- ing " the Morris Fraud Law of 1846." ties ; read the first time. Mr. Cravens introduced a resolution resolving, with the concurrence of the Senate, to go into the election of a

Bills introduced and read the first time.

at Bowling Green, Clay county. By Mr. Yaryan, requiring the Indiana Mutual Fire Insurance Company to make annual reports. (This bill requires the company to report to the Legislature the amount of property insured, the losses sustained, the assessments made, the salaries paid, the incidental expenses, and the ette Bridge Company.

By Mr. Griffis, for the relief of Jesse Linton.

By Mr. Hicks, to authorize the Johnson circuit court By Mr. Wiley, to better preserve the health of those By Mr. Miller, to authorize the inhabitants of Gibson

county to improve the navigation of the Patoka river.

for the people would look upon this subject in a different sort with abstract propositions as to the power of the gene- of roads in the counties of Tipton and Clinton; for the

taxation; to authorize the clerks of circuit courts in va-

A large number of bills passed their second reading. The bill in relation to collecting debts before a justice action-we want the money to improve the objects con- vocated by the democratic portion of the Senate, that it of the peace in the township where they were contracted ing to finals in elections. Considerable discussion ensued on Mr. Thompson's

> On motion of Mr. Watts, the House adjourned until Monday morning.

> > SENATE. MONDAY, Dec. 28, 1846.

The Senate met. Mr. Holloway wished to make an explanation. He was reported as saying in some remarks made a few days since, published the Advocate as agent of a New York house. This was a mistake. He said that Mr. West was He moved to have the county of Harrison attached to the Tickets \$10; a package of 25 who'e tickets by certificate will cost and had been, an agent of a New York Publisher of a bill, if the motion to indefinitely postpone, failed. His peo- \$130. series of School Books, and that he thought by endorsing ple desired it, and he would be gratified if the motion would

State, and he wished all to stand on the same basis. Petitions Introduced. By Mr. Milliken; referred to a select conmitree without

he did not wish to give a character to one set of books

over others. There were other agencies of books in the

By Mr. Verbrike; referred without reading. Reports from Standing Committees.

By Mr. Osborn, from the committee on Education, of a ill for the purpose of settling a debt of Wabash College. By Mr. Berry of M., from the committee on Roads, of a bill for the location of a State road through Daviess, Martin to. and Dubois counties.

By Mr. Berry of F., from the committee on corporations, of a bill for the incorporation of the Female College Insti-

On motion, the rules were suspended and the bill passed Mr. Berry of F., from the same committee made a fur the individual liability clause.

Mr. Orth would inquire which was the Democratic side of the question.

Mr. Milligan stated that he was instructed to vote against the liability of individuals in this particular matter, and should do so, as he telt himself bound to obey instructions. The motion was carried. The amendment proposed by the committee as amended, was not adopted. Ma. Berry of F. then moved to amend that the stock-

holders should be liable; adopted. And on motion, the rules were suspended and the bill as Reports from Select Committees.

Rawley from his wife Jane. By Mr. Holloway, of a bill for the divorce of William By Mr. Allison, of a bill relative to the printing of de-

Resolutions Introduced. By Mr. Miller, relative to giving a longer time to county Treasurers, to make their annual report to the State Trea-

whether any change in the Probate system is desirable; not adopted. By Mr Clements, as to the expediency of changing the present law allowing widows to have their portion, without taking out letters of administration, when the husband has not left \$150 worth of personal property.

Joint Resolutions. By Mr Edmonston, expressing the approbation of the State of Indiana of the Mexican war; adopted. By M. Berry of F., relative to the improvement of harbors

By Mr Holloway, relative to the improvement of the A resolution was introduced by Mr Allison, instructing rion county; passed to a second reading: the committee on education to report a bill providing for the appointment of a superintendent of common schools; passed to a second reading.

Butler, agent for a portion of our foreign bondholders, on table, containing a bill for the completion of the State The joint resolution to have the post office laws so changed admitted until after the expiration of two weeks from the comprinted, and 1000 copies of the accompanying document. An amendment was proposed by Mr Read to said bill, that army free of postage, was read three several times, and Mr. Hunt, from the committee on education, reported the old prison should be rented out when the new one should passed.

Mr Berry of F. moved further, to strike out all that makes referred. Mr Patterson the contractor, and letting it out to the lowest Mr Hamer moved to lay the amendment on the table; licensing houses for retailing liquor.

adopted. On motion, the rules were suspended, and the bill passed. Mr Montgomery introduced, by leave, a resolution of inquiry, relative to working out road tax; adopted.

ORDERS OF THE DAY. Bills Passed. The amendment proposed by Mr Osborn to the joint resoof the orders of the day.

Mr O-born then moved to instruct the committee not to strike out the resolution as originally introduced. Mr Berry of F. then moved to instruct the committee to

Mr Davis moved to amend the instructions as follows: Mr Berry of F. moved to lay the amendment to the in-

Mr Berry of F. withdrew his motion. Mr Oth renewed the motion. Mr Berry of F. then withdrew his motion to instruct. And M. Orth withdrest his motion to lay on the table.

Mr Davis then moved to instruct as before moved by M. Edmonston then moved a division of the question. The Chair decided that the question was capable

NAYS-Messrs Berry of F., Berry of M , Coats; Cuppy, Day, Edmonston, English, Green, Handy, Hardsn, Henry. By Mr. Lewis, to incorporate the institute of fine arts Howell, Jackson, Logan, Marsh, Milligan, Milliken, Parks, Read, Rockhill, Stewart, Stockwell, Taber, and Waters-25. So the committee was not instructed. A bill for the relief of the heirs of Capt. R. McCarty.

A bill for the relief of certain behis therein named. A bill to amend an act for the incorporation of the Lafayand Mississippi rivers. On motion of Mr Edmonston, referred to the committee or

The committee were ordered to be instructed. Mr Edmonston then moved to lay the instructions of M. Osborn on the table-ayes 24, noes 21, Mr Davis moved to instruct the committee not to strike

National importance, is a species of humbug that is wholly unnecessary.

JAMES K. POLK.

JAMES H. Pirer, Acting Commissioner of the General Land Office.

The Senate adjourned.

The President stated that the question under consideration was the amendment as proposed by Mr Berry of F, to the instructions as proposed by Mr Davis. It was moved to lay the same on the table.

was first taken on laying on the table Mr Davis's instruc-

one of the most beneficial of laws. He had no doubt of its

being of the best, to prevent fraud and corruption. Mr. Read said, the general law was passed in consequence of the frauds and pipe-laying of 1840. He voted at the time of the passage of that law, in favor of it. There was much grumpling on the subject at home, but since its operation, the murmuring had ceased. If inroads were made upon the law, do from river, in lots, at same; 40 do at 15 c; 30 do from it would be an unsafe precedent.

Mr. Parks would vote against the indefinite postponement of the bill, for the reason, that by instructions he would vote ing 500 heavy at \$3 12; 149 diessed, av. wt. 230 lbs, at constitution when he vetocd the Maysville road and the the Senator from Laporte by confining appropriations to have his county in relation to the improvement of roads in Baral law, but would obey instructions Mr. Figlish would vote for countles being excepted from the provisions of the general law. He was satisfied there had been more indictments since this law than before, relat-

> Mr. Logan would vote against the indefinite postponement. He understood he would be so instructed. In the vote of last motion to indefinitely postpone, which will be given in year in his county it had fallen off some 400. The general year in his county it had fallen off some 400. The general A lowing evenings, when there will be a great variety of new per-law prevented voters from voting at the county seats. In formances introduced each evening. For particulars see small bills of many places there were no buildings to keep voicis from the the day. inclemency of the weather. If the general I w was not changed, he should move to have Washington county partake of the provisions of the bill.

> > before the general law. The vote of his county had fallen off some 300 to 400 votes. He was willing to let the general law exist, but would vote to except counties from its pro-Mr. Zenor would state that the people of his county were generally displeased with the provisions of the general law. \$10,000; 10,000; 10,000; 10,000; 10,000; 10,000; 2,340; 25 They could not, owing to certain circumstances, vote at all. of 1,000; 53 of 400; 200 of 200.

Mr. Clements said, there had been as many frauds since as

Mr. Ellis declined withdrawing the motion. The bill was indefinitely postponed. And, on motion, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Monday, December 28, 1846.

The House met. Petitions were presented by Messis Osborn and Harlan, and referred without reading.

Reports from Standing Committees. Mr Meredith, from the committee on roads, reported back the bul requiring speculators to pay a road tax equal to actual settlers, and recommending its indefinite postponement. the committee, and that the bill be laid on the table; agreed 25 of 1,000; 25 of 500; 50 of 300; 170 of 200.

Also, the bill in relation to supervisors keeping open highways, &c., recommending its indefinite postponement. On motion of Mr Thompson, the bill was laid on the Tickets \$5; a certificate of 25 whole tickets will cost \$65. Mr Hall, the bill in relation to the supervisors of Hunt-

ington county; passed to a third reading. Mr Deam, a bill to locate a State road in Huntington, Tickets \$10; a certificate of 22 whole tickets will cost \$100. Wells, and Adams; read a first time. institutions, reported a bill to establish an institution for the | 41; 1000 dollars. Dec. 12th, 38 42-45; 10,000 dollars. On the same Mr. Milligan moved to strike out all relating to individed contains and 7-9-72; 1000 dollars.

Mr. Milligan moved to strike out all relating to individed contains and relating to individe contains and relating

copies ordered to be printed. Mr Fuller, from a select committee, reported a bill more 64 particularly to define the boundaries of Warrick and Gibson counties; read a first time. Mr Hendricks, from a select committee, a bill to legalize the election of seminary trustees in the town of Vernon;

in the county of Jasper; read a first time. Mr Hanna, from the select committee t ferred sundry petitions and remonstrances on the subject of FROM SALE, in the State of ILLINOIS, ON ACCOUNT OF THE VALUE a new county, reported legislation on the subject inexpedient. BLE LEAD MINES THEREIS, WILL be held at the undermentioned Land Mr Hanna moved that the petitlons, &c., be recommitted to the committee on the judiciary, with instructions to inquite into the constitutionality of creating new counties out of those formed since the adoption of the constitution, and North of the base line and east of the fourth principal meridian. By Mr. Clements, of a bill for the divorce of David of those formed since the adoption of the constitution, and of a size less than four hundred square miles; and also as to the constitutionality of reducing those that are over that

size; so recommitted. Resolutions Introduced. By Mr Ferguson, that the House will, with the concur- ship twenty-nine, of range three. tence of the Senate, adjourn sine die on January the 18th. Mr Miller moved to lay the resolution on the table; which

By Mr Holland, requesting of the Governor some information in relation to the votes taken for and against a con-By Mr. Stockwell, that the Judiciary committee inquire vention, with his opinion concerning the constitutionality of authorizing a vote taken at this time, being different from lands within the following sections and parts of sections, viz.:

lands within the following sections and parts of sections, viz.:

South of the base line and east of the third principal meridian On motion of Mr Miller, it was laid on the table.

two to thirty-six, inclusive, of township eleven; sections one t Bills Introduced. fire, inclusive, and sections eight to twelve, inclusive, in township Mr Stanfield, to repeal an act rendering Negroes, Mulattoes, and Indians incompetent witnesses; passed to a second

Mr Palmer, to establish a certain State road in Cass county; passed to a second reading. Mr Balding, to amend certain sections Mr Hull, to amend the act giving a city charter to the

town of Madison; passed to a second reading. Mr Lewis, for the further relief of the Indiana volunteers; passed to a second reading. Mr Noel, to fix the time of holding probate courts in Ma-

Mr Balding, to appropriate necessary means for the capture | will be sold in such legal subdivision or subdivisions of will include Leave was granted to Mr Winchell to make a report of a of fugitives from justice; passed to a second reading. bill from the judiciary committee for the election of a mill The mes-ages of the Senate were taken up. All the bills passed their respective readings, except some six or seven are sooner disposed of ) and no longer; and no private entries of disposed bills, which were promisely rejected. as to have letters conveyed to and from volunteers in the mencement of said sales.

On motion of Mr Donham, the bill providing for a State | and of the lands now offered for sale, which he has prepared f om Mr Berry of F. moved to strike out all that relates to the convention was taken from the table, and referred to the official documents and other means of information. erecting of houses for the keeper and warden; not adopted. committee to which that part of the Governor's message was The bill to authorize the majority of the inhabitants of James H. Piern, Acting Commissioner of the General Land Office. the townships in any county in this State to vote against

Mr Miller moved to refer it to the committee on the Considerable discussion was had on the merits of the law, its democratic provisions, &c., in which Messrs Miller, Se-Leave was granted to Mr Taber to introduce a bill repeal- crest, Colms, Thompson, Yaryan, Holman, and Palmer par- Representatives, first session of 25th Congress, shows that these

Mr Colms offered a resolution tendering the use of the Hall to Mrs Irwing, for an instrumental and total concert that in 1839, the lead mines of Illinois, Iowa, and Wisconsin, though on Thursday evening; adopted. The House then adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The bill for the relief of Jesse Wolf came up on its second [The bill authorizes the Governor, if he should see proper, tignous to and on both sides of these lands, indicating the existence report a joint resolution in accordance with the amendment to paidon the said Wolf, who is now incarcerated in the of similar deposites within them. The facilities for manufacturing

manslaughter; to annex a condition to his pardon requiring in any form, can be transported to all the principal markets at a Wolf to leave the State forever, within thirty days from the trifling cost. Mr Yaryan made a full and extended statement of the

Mr Thompson thought this bill unnecessary. The Gov-Ayes-Messrs. Allison, Beard, Bowers, Bradbury, Cheno- body can make legal such a condition. Our Supreme Court townships, known as the Rich LEAD MINE DISTRICT, to-wit: with, Clements, Coffin, Davis, Ellis, Goodenow, Hamer, Hol- has decided that conditional pardons were void as to the condition, as no power was given by the constitution for the Executive to annex a condition of transportation or expatri-

ation. Also, that it was against the comity between States. ninety, and ninety-one, of range two.

Township eighty-seven, and fractional townships eighty-eighty-eighty-seven, and fractional townships eighty-eighty-eighty-seven. We have no right to send our felous into any other State. The bill was committed to the judiciary committee. Mr Mason, on leave, introduced a joint resolution, memorializing Congress to grant a portion of the public lands in Brown county, to be applied to the constitution of a road

from Bloomington to Columbus. Mr Crook-hank, on leave, introduced a resolution authorizing the appointment of a committee on the part of the House, to act jointly with a similar one from the Senate, and | Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military, and to consist of one from each Congressional district, to whom, other purposes, will be excluded from sale; also all quarter quarter the communication of the Governor, and the accompanying sections covered in whole, or in part, by those mining leases, which proposed amendments to the State debt bill shall be referred;

The bill to repeal certain special laws in the cleventh until after they frate been offered at public sale, and become subject to p twate entry; and all of such lands as contain a mine or mines judicial circuit, was read a third time, and passed. The bill repeals a special act in relation to the selection The greater part of the afternoon was occupied by bills on their second reading.

MARSHAUS SALE. BY virtue of a writ of execution (fi. fa.) to me directed by the clerk of the circuit court of the United States for the district of Indiana, I will offer for sale in the town of Bloomfield, Green county, Inlows: "But this Senate presumes their Senators and representatives in Congress to understand what is constitutional and what is National, and that to instruct them upon the A. C. PEPPER, Davis vs. Andrew Downing et al.

On motion of Mc Colms, the House adjourned.

Dec. 24, 1816. 63-t 29 Jan. GEORGE KESLER'S ESTATE.

U.S. Marshal District Indiana.

of the county of Marion, State of Indiana, deceased, who died and the ore, from its great purity, thay be manufactured into shot by intestate, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court the first smelling. A division of the question being called for, the question of said county. Said estate is probably insolvent. All persons The location of these mines being near the Missisipple riese, affords indebted to said estate are hereby notified to settle with the under-signed and make payment without delay, and those having just femands against said estate are hereby notified to file their respective. demands against said estate are notified to file their respective as being unusually fertile, producing all the small grains in great

BENNETT ISAAC, Admr. 2 BAR 51

THE MARKETS

CINCINNATI, DEC. 23,-Flour,-The sales to-day include 100 bbls from store at \$3 75; 264 do, from canal, at \$3 80; 250 do from store, at same; 128 do at \$3 80, delivered-demand brisk.

Whisky -- Sales to-day of 11 bbls from Canal at 15%c.; 100 W. W. Canal, at 15%c. Hogs-The sales to-day embrace 1,000 head, includ-\$3 05; 101 do, heavy, at \$2 10; 100 do, drove, at \$3 10; 150 do, av. 215 lbs, at \$3 10.

Pork-A sale of 200 bbls New Prime at \$6 75 per bbl. Third Night of the ANTONIO FAMILY'S

Grand Scientific and Musical Entertainment. I the Court House, this evening, Tuesday, Dec. 29th, and then fol-

commence at 8 o'clock. MANAGER'S OFFICE.

Admission 25 cents. Front seats reserved for parties with ladies.

ROBERT ARMSTRONG & CO., Agents. WHEELING, DEC. 19, 1846. \$60,000; in Six Capitals of \$10,000.

ALEXALDRIA LOTTERY, Class B. craws at Alexandria, Jan

. 1847. 75 No. Lettery ; 13 drawn ballots.

\$25.000. NEW JERSEY Lotiery, Class 4, draws at Jersey Oity, Jan. 13 75 No. Lottery ; 12 drawingbal ots. \$25,000; 5,000; 3,000; 2,000; 10 51 1,000; Tickets \$5; a certific te of 25 whole tickets will con \$65.

\$35,000. ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY, Class C. draws at Alexandria, Jan 16. 78 No. Lettery; 15 drawn bal ots. \$35,000; 10,000; 5,000; 3,200; 2,200; 2,000; 1,900; 1,800; 1,700

1,600; 10 of 1,500; 500; 300; 15 of 200; 400 of 150. Tickets \$10; a certificate of 26 whole tickets will cost \$120. \$20,000; and 20 of \$1,000. NEW JERSEY LOTTERY, Class 6, draws at Jersey City, Jan 20. 75 No. Lottery; 14 drawn ballots. \$20,000; 3,000; 2,000; 20 of 1,000.

Tickets \$5; a certificate of 26 whole tickets will cost \$6a ALEXANDRIA COTTERY, Class D. draws at Alexandria, Jan. 23. 75 No. Lottery; 13 drawn ba lots. Mr Stanfield moved to refuse to concur in the report of \$30,900; 10,000; 6,000; 5,000; 4,000; 2,278; and 10 of 1,250; and Pickets \$10; a certificate of 25 whole tickets will cost \$130. NEW JERSEY LOTTERY, Class 8, draws at Jersey City, Jan.

27. 75 No. Lottery : 12 drawn ballots, \$20,000; 10,000; 6,000; 5,000; 20 of \$1,000. \$25,000! \$10,000; 10 of \$1,000.

ALEXANDRIA LUTTERY, Class E. draws at Alexandria, Jan. 20. 66 No. Lottery : 13 derwn fallo's \$25,000; 10,000; 5,000; 2,000; 10 of 1,000 Prizes sold since our last Circuiar. Nov. 28th, 11-27-33; 5,000 Mr Watts from the committee on benevolent and scientific dollars : Dec. 5th, 16-19-31 ; 1,000 dollars : on the same day, 2-17-

ROBERT ARMSTRONG & CO., Agents for the Managers By the President of the United States. IN pursuance of an act of Congress, approved on the eleventh day of July, 1846, entitled, "An act to authorize in the States of Illinois and Arkansas, and Territories of Wisconsin Mr Decker, from a select committee, to regulate road tax land own supposed to contain lead ore," ! JAMES K. POLK, in the county of Jasper; read a first time. om was re- make known, that public sales of the lands HERSTOFORE WITHHELD Offices, in said State, at the periods hereinafter designated, to-wit: At the Land Office at DIXON, commencing on Monday, the fifth

> Fractional townships twenty-seven, twenty-eight, and twentynine, of range one. Townships twenty-seven and twenty-eight, and fractional township twenty-nine, of range two. Townships twenty-seven and twenty-eight, and fractional town The north half of township twenty-seven, thwaship twenty-eight,

lay of April next, for the disposal of the public lands within the

and fractional town hsp twenty-nine, of range four.

North of the base line and west of the fourth principal meridian. Fractional townships twenty-seven, twenty-eight, and twenty-Fractional townships twenty-eight and twenty-nine, of range two At the land office at SHAWNEETOWN, commencing on Mon day, the nineteenth day of April next; for the disposal of the public Sections twenty-two to twenty-nine, inclusive, and sections thirty-

Sections three to nine, inclusive, sections fifteen to twenty-two, inclusive, and sections twenty-fire to thirty-six, inclusive, of township eleven; sections one, two, three, the north half and southeast quarter of section four; sections fire to eleven, inclusive; the southwest quarter of section twelve; the north half of section fourteen, and sections fifteen to eighteen; inclusive, in township twelve, of range Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military, or

other purposes, will be excluded from the sales; also all quarter quarter sections covered in whole, or in part, by those mining. leases which shall not be determined by the day fixed for the com mencement of the sales. Pre-emption claims will not be allowed to any of the above lands, until after the same shall have been offered at the public sale, and Mr Young, to extend a certain act to Madison county; become subject to private entry; and all of such lands as contain a mine or mines of lead ore actually discovered and being worked,

such mine or mines; at not less than two dollars and fifty cents per

The sales will each be kept open for two weeks, (unless the lands

In further execution of the said act, I have caused the Commissioner of the General Land Office to publish with this proclamation a brief description of the mineral regions in which these lands lie;

JAMES K. POLK. By the President; The lands in the DIXON district, embraced in the above proclamation of the President of the United States, were explored by Mr. Owen, the geologist of the State of Indiana, under instructions Lemhe Treasury Department, and In compliance with a resolution of the House of Representatives, passed 6th February, 1879. The able report of this gentleman, published as document No. 239, House of which, from observations during his survey, there is reason to selieve that valuable veins of ore may readily be found. Further, only partially worked, produced upwards of this ty millions pounds of lead-those of Illinois yielding their full proportion and that the whole district, if p operly mined, would yield one hundred and

fifty millions pounds per annum. These lands being situated on and near the Missisippi and Fever On motion of Mr Ferguson, the bill for the completion of rivers, the cost of transporting the products of them to St. Louis is the State Prison was taken up, and the Senate amendments concurred in.

The bill for the relief of Jesse Wolf came up on its second only about fifteen cents per hundred pounds. The soil is of excellent quality, and yields abundantly all the products of that latitude.

The bill for the relief of Jesse Wolf came up on its second. State Prison, and has been for eight years, for the crime of white and red lead are represented as being ample; and as the lands Acting Commissioner of the General Land Office.

By the President of the United States. ernor has ample power given him in this matter. That this eleventh day of July, 1846, entitled, "An act to authorize was an expedient to enable his Excellency to escape a little the President of the United States to sell the reserved mineral bands responsibility. He regretted that the State did not have an in the States of Illinois and Arkansas, and Territories of Wisconsist Executive that was willing to do his duty without this con- and Iowa, supposed to contain lead ore," I. JAMES K. POLK, stant and invariable practice of shrinking from responsibility. President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and Mr Secrest opposed the bill on the ground that it would bull UBUQUE, in the Territory of Iowa, commencing on Monday, be inoperative and unconstitutional. The power authorizing the eighth day of March next, for the sale of the public lands the Governor to grant pardons was conferred by the constithe was then taken upon instructing the committee:
the Governor to grant pardons was conferred by the constithe constitution of the State, not by the Legislature No act of this
the eighth day of March next, for the sale of the public lands
the constitution of the State, not by the Legislature No act of this North of the base line and east of the fifth principal meridian. Townships eighty-eight, eighty-nine, and ninety, and fractional

September 8th, 1846.

and eighty-nine, of range three:

Fractional townships eighty-seven and eighty eight, of range four actional township eighty-seven, of range five. North of the base line and west of the fifth principal meridian. Township ninety, and fractional township ninety-one, of range Fractional townships ninety-one, ninety-two, and ninety-three, of Township ninety-one, of range three.

P.c-emption claims will not be afforded to any of the above lands, of lead ore actually discovered and being worked, will be sold in such legal subdivision or subdivisions as will include such mine or mines, at not less than two dollars and fifty cents per acre.

The sale will be kept open for two weeks, (unless the feffds are sooner disposed of) and no longer; and no private entries of land in the townships and f actional townships so offered will be ad-

mitted until after the expiration of two weeks from the commence ment of said sale. sioner of the General Land Office to publish with this proclamation Given under my hand at the City of Washington, this fifth day of

The lands in the mineral regions, embraced in the above proclamotion of the President of the United States, are believed to comain the richest mines of lead that have yet been discovered; the ora yielding about eighty per cent of pure metal. Copper, also, has been found in this region in considerable quantities. Great advantages are said to exist for the manufacture of lead in OTICE is hereby given, that on the 18th of December., 1846. various forms, particularly into shot, the river banks being so elements of administration on the estate of George Kesier, late vated as to require little or no expense in the erection of towers;

DAVID CRAIGHEAD